

Title

CC1310 SimpleLink™ Wireless MCU Silicon Errata

This document describes known exceptions to the functional specifications for the CC1310 SimpleLink[™] device.

1 Known Design Exceptions to Functional Specifications

Advisory List

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Advisory 32-kHz RC Oscillator Not Working Details RCOSC LF (32.768 kHz) may occasionally produce glitches. The most common symptom when using RCOSC_LF as the low-frequency clock source is that the RTC is advanced or delayed by one SCLK_LF period. However, there may be other consequences such as system lock-up, potentially leading to an erroneous digital state and unpredicted behavior. This item is fixed in CC1310 die revision B and later. Suggested Workaround Use XOSC_LF as the low-frequency clock source (32.768-kHz crystal is required). Contact TI for more information through the Proprietary Sub-1 GHz and SimpliciTI Forum on E2E. Advisory Frequency Bands Not Yet Supported Details The supported frequency bands at product release are 863 MHz to 876 MHz and 902 MHz to 928 MHz CC1310 die rev B and later adds support for frequency bands in the 431-MHz to 527-MHz range. Support for the 315- and 779-MHz frequency bands may be added to the CC1310 at a later time. Suggested Workaround Functional testing at 315- and 779-MHz frequency bands has been performed, but full characterization is not yet completed. Support for the previously listed frequency bands will be added when they are complete. Contact TI for more information through the Proprietary Sub-1 GHz and SimpliciTI Forum on E2E. Advisory Data Rates Not Yet Supported The supported data rate is up to 100 kbps. Support for higher data rates will be added to Details the CC1310 at a later time. Suggested Workaround Functional testing at data rates over 100 kbps has been performed, but full characterization is not yet completed. Contact TI for more information through the Proprietary Sub-1 GHz and SimpliciTI Forum on E2E. Advisory Modulation Formats Not Yet Supported Details 4-FSK is not yet supported. Suggested Workaround Functional testing of 4-GFSK has been performed, but full characterization is not yet completed. Support for 4-FSK will be added through a firmware and software upgrade when ready. Contact TI for more information through the Proprietary Sub-1 GHz and SimpliciTI Forum on E2E. Advisory Synthesizer Calibration Might Fail on Rare Occasions The synthesizer (synth) calibration has been observed to fail on rare occasions. This will Description cause any radio command that requires a calibrated synth to fail. Suggested Workaround The workaround for a failed synth calibration is to calibrate again. For applications that use TI-RTOS or CC13xx Ware, but not the TI provided software stacks, it is recommended that proper run-time error handling is performed when executing a radio command. See the TI-RTOS documentation for error codes. For applications that use the software stacks delivered by Texas Instruments[™] (BLE-Stack or TIMAC), no action is required because error handling is implemented by the stacks.

www.ti.com Advisory — Reading From Flash While Performing Clock Switching of the High Speed Oscillators (XOSC_HF and RCOSC_HF) Will Cause the System to Hang				
Advisory	Reading From Flash While Performing Clock Switching of the High Speed Oscillators (XOSC_HF and RCOSC_HF) Will Cause the System to Hang			
Description	The CC1310 device contains five modules that can read from flash independently of each other. These five modules are:			
	ARM® Cortex®-M3			
	RF Core			
	• I2S			
	• DMA			
	Crypto			
	Clock switching between XOSC_HF and RCOSC_HF can only be initiated by the Cortex-M3. While the Cortex-M3 performs clock switching, no other modules are allowed to read from the flash. The system will hang if any of the other four modules (RF core, I2S, DMA, Crypto) read from flash during this period.			
Suggested Workaround	The user must make sure that the Cortex-M3 does not perform clock switching while any of the other four modules (RF core, I2S, DMA, Crypto) read from flash.			
	TI-RTOS			

Clock switching from RCOSC_HF to XOSC_HF is done by calling Power setDependency (XOSC HF). The user must register a notification to be notified when the clock switching is completed. When the notification function is called by the power driver, the clock switching is completed and it is safe for all modules to read from flash again.

Clock switching from XOSC_HF to RCOSC_HF is done by calling Power releaseDependency (XOSC HF). When this function returns, the clock switching is completed and it is safe for all modules to read from flash again. The TI-RTOS radio driver never reads from flash, so it is safe to perform clock switching at all times when using this driver. However, it is up to the user to make sure that no clock switching is performed if the I2S, DMA, or Crypto modules read from flash.

Non-TI-RTOS

Clock switching is performed by calling the driverlib function OSCHfSourceSwitch(). When this function returns, it is safe for all modules to read from flash again. It is up to the user to make sure that no clock switching is performed if the RF core, I2S, DMA, or Crypto modules are read from flash.



Advisory — Slave Mode can Sample New TX Data From SYSBUS Clock Domain Using SSPCLK With no Synchronization www.ti.com

Advisory	Slave Mode can Sample New TX Data From SYSBUS Clock Domain Using SSPCLK With no Synchronization			
Description	When the SSI is programmed to operate in slave mode, the data written to the SSI data register in the SYSBUS clock domain can be sampled in the SSPCLK domain or without any synchronization. This condition occurs when the SSI Transmit FIFO is empty and the SSI Data register [TOP:SSI0/SSI1:DR : 0x4000_0008] write access occurs as a new SPI master transfer starts and the SSI slave-state machine samples data to transmit. This issue causes written data to be lost.			
Suggested Workaround	There is no software workaround to fix this issue.			

Motorola [®] SPI Format Slave Mode Writes to Transmit FIFO can Lose Data				
If the SSI is configured to operate in Motorola [®] SPI slave mode, it is possible to lose write data because of the following two conditions:				
 (i) A write to the SSI data register [TOP:SSI0/SSI1:DR: 0x4000_0008] occurs between a new SPI master transfer starting and the end of the first bit of incoming data 				
(ii) A write to the SSI data register [TOP: SSI0/SSI1: DR: 0x4000_0008] occurs during the first bit of new incoming data in a back-to-back transfer sequence				

Suggested Workaround There is no software workaround to fix this issue.



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Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from October 27, 2016 to December 16, 2016

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Changes from September 15, 2015 to October 27, 2016

•	Added fix revision for 32-kHz RC Oscillator	2
•	Added support for 431-527 MHz frequency bands	2
•	Deleted limitation of some modulation formats	2

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